Where do they come from – Big Data?

- Credit card transactions
- Commodity (RFID) tracking
- Toll road recording
- Electronic tickets (travel/entertainment)
- Public services offered electronically
- Immigration control
- Mobile phone use
- Internet and social media use
- GPS tracking of traffic and transport



Quality Management / Metadata Management

| Specify Needs | Design | Build | Collect | Process | Analyse | Disseminate | Evaluate |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|---|------------------------------------|
| 1.1 Identify needs | 2.1 Design outputs | 3.1 Build collection instrument | 4.1 Create frame & select sample | 5.1 Integrate data | 6.1 Prepare draft outputs | 7.1 Update output systems | 8.1 Gather evaluation inputs |
| 1.2 Consult & confirm needs | 2.2 Design variable descriptions | 3.2 Build or enhance process components | 4.2 Set up collection | 5.2 Classify & code | 6.2 Validate outputs | 7.2 Produce dissemination products | 8.2 Conduct evaluation |
| 1.3 Establish output objectives | 2.3 Design collection | 3.3 Build or enhance dissemination components | 4.3 Run collection | 5.3 Review & validate | 6.3 Interpret & explain outputs | 7.3 Manage release of dissemination products | 8.3 Agree an action plan |
| 1.4 Identify concepts | 2.4 Design frame & sample | 3.4 Configure workflows | 4.4 Finalise collection | 5.4 Edit & impute | 6.4 Apply disclosure control | 7.4 Promote dissemination products | |
| 1.5 Check data availability | 2.5 Design processing & analysis | 3.5 Test production system | | 5.5 Derive new variables & units | 6.5 Finalise outputs | 7.5 Manage user support | |
| 1.6 Prepare business case | 2.6 Design production systems & workflow | 3.6 Test statistical business process | | 5.6 Calculate weights | | | |
| | | 3.7 Finalise production system | | 5.7 Calculate aggregates | GSBPM General Statistical Business Process Model | | |
| | | | | | | | |

5.8 Finalise data files

The 15 Principles in the European – ESS - Quality Assurance Framework

- Principle 1 Professional independence
- **Principle 2 Mandate for Data Collection**
- Principle 3 Adequacy of Resources
- Principle 4 Commitment to Quality
- Principle 5 Statistical Confidentiality
- Principle 6 Impartiality and Objectivity
- Principle 7 Sound Methodology
- **Principle 8 Appropriate Statistical Procedures**
- Principle 9 Non-excessive Burden on Respondents
- Principle 10 Cost effectiveness
- Principle 11 Relevance
- **Principle 12 Accuracy and Reliability**
- Principle 13 Timeliness and Punctuality
- Principle 14 Coherence and Comparability
- Principle 15 Accessibility and Clarity



"Your recent Amazon purchases, Tweet score and location history makes you 23.5% welcome here."

Challenges

- Data access most Big Data are owned by private companies
- Data analysis looking for patterns in huge piles of data
- Data usage how do Big Data fit with the classification systems used by official statistics?
- Data quality metadata
- Privacy issues



Thank you very much for your attention

- Niels Ploug Director, Social Statistics Statistics Denmark
- Contact: npl@dst.dk

